

The program meets or exceeds an 80% pass rate on state licensure exams:

- Yes
- No
- Not applicable
- Not able to determine

Comment:

Test results are very strong for these candidates. The institution has been studying the results carefully and has made program changes to better prepare the students for the tests.

Summary of Strengths:

The institution has worked very hard in the revised report to attend specifically to the mathematics education students' preparation both in new, extensive rubrics, new instructional tasks, and the assurance that the mathematics education faculty are providing the instructional feedback and the supervision. The clarifications from the previous report show further evidence of the faculty's commitment to improvement and a standards-based program.

PART B - STATUS OF MEETING SPA STANDARDS

Standard 1. Knowledge of Problem Solving. Candidates know, understand and apply the process of mathematical problem solving.

Indicators:

1.1 Apply and adapt a variety of appropriate strategies to solve problems.

Met	Not Met
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

1.2 Solve problems that arise in mathematics and those involving mathematics in other contexts

Met	Not Met
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

1.3 Build new mathematical knowledge through problem solving.

Met	Not Met
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

1.4 Monitor and reflect on the process of mathematical problem solving.

Met	Not Met
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

mathematical arguments and develop an appreciation for mathematical rigor and inquiry.

Indicators:

2.1 Recognize reasoning and proof as fundamentals aspects of mathematics.

Met	Not Met
jñ	jñ

2.2 Make and investigate mathematical conjectures

Met	Not Met
jñ	jñ

2.3 Develop and evaluate mathematical arguments and proofs.

Met	Not Met
jñ	jñ

2.4 Select and use various types of reasoning and methods of proof.

Met	Not Met
jñ	jñ

Standard 2 comments:

Mathematics course descriptions further confirm the richness of the coursework.

Standard 3. Knowledge of Mathematical Communication. Candidates communicate their mathematical thinking orally and in writing to peers, faculty and others.

Indicators:

3.1 Communicate their mathematical thinking coherently and clearly to peers, faculty, and others.

Met	Not Met
jñ	jñ

3.2 Use the language of mathematics to express ideas precisely.

Met	Not Met
jñ	jñ

3.3 Organize mathematical thinking through communication

Met	Not Met
jñ	jñ

3.4 Analyze and evaluate the mathematical thinking and strategies of others.

Met	Not Met
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j^n

j^n

Met

Not Met

jñ

jñ

Standard 5 comments:

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Standard 6. Knowledge of Technology. Candidates embrace technology as an essential tool for teaching and learning mathematics.

Indicators:

6.1 Use knowledge of mathematics to select and use appropriate technological tools, such as but not limited to, spreadsheets, dynamic graphing tools, computer algebra systems, dynamic statistical packages, graphing calculators, data-collection devices, and presentation software.

Met

Not Met

jñ

jñ

j Standard 6 comments:k

jñ

jñ

7.6 Use of various teaching tools including technology

Met

Not Met

jñ

jñ

Standard 7 comments:

Clarification with regard to who evaluates and supervises these assessments now demonstrates how the unit is ensuring that feedback specific to teaching mathematics is occurring.

Standard 8. Knowledge of Mathematics Pedagogy. Candidates possess a deep understanding of how students learn mathematics and of the pedagogical knowledge specific to mathematics teaching and learning.

Indicators:

8.1 Select, use, and determine suitability of the wide variety of available mathematics curricula and teaching materials for all students, including those with special needs such as the gifted, challenged and speakers of other languages.

Met

Not Met

jñ

jñ

8.2 Select and use appropriate concrete materials for learning mathematics.

Met

Not Met

jñ

jñ

teaching materials for all students Met

8.7 Use knowledge of different types of instructional strategies in planning mathematics lessons.

Met	Not Met
j ⁿ	j ⁿ

8.8 Demonstrate the ability to lead classes in mathematical problem solving and in developing in-depth conceptual understanding, and help students develop and test generalizations

Met	Not Met
j ⁿ	j ⁿ

8.9 Develop lessons that use technology's potential for building understanding of mathematical concepts and developing important mathematical ideas.

Met	Not Met
j ⁿ	j ⁿ

Standard 8 comments:

Clarification of tasks in Assessment 6 and implementation of the second part of assessment 4 provide sufficient evidence of attention to every indicator of this standard.
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Standard 9. Knowledge of Number and Operations. Candidates demonstrate computational proficiency, including a conceptual understanding of numbers, ways of representing number, relationships among number and number systems, and meanings of operations.

Indicators:

9.1 Analyze and explain the mathematics that underlies the procedures used for operations involving integers, rational, real and complex numbers.

Met	Not Met
j ⁿ	j ⁿ

9.2 Use properties involving number and operations, mental computation, and computational estimation.

Met	Not Met
j ⁿ	j ⁿ

9.3 Provide equivalent representations of fractions, decimals, and percents.

Met	Not Met
j ⁿ	j ⁿ

9.4 Create, solve, and apply proportions.

Met	Not Met
j ⁿ	j ⁿ

9.5 Apply the fundamental ideas of number theory.

Met	Not Met
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j_n

j_n

9.6 Makes sense of large and small number and number systems.

Met

Not Met

j_n

j_n

9.7 Compare and contrast properties of numbers and number systems.

Met

Not Met

j_n

j_n

9.8 Represent, use and apply complex numbers

Met

Not Met

j_n

j_n

9.9 Recognize matrices and vectors as systems that have some of the properties of the real number system.

Met

Not Met

j_n

j_n

9.10 Demonstrate knowledge of the historical development of number and number systems including contributions from diverse cultures.

Met

Not Met

j_n

j_n

Standard 9 comments:

While course descriptions reflect upon content presented, the emphases of these courses would suggest that the indicators above are also assessed.

Standard 10. Knowledge of Different Perspectives on Algebra. Candidates emphasize relationships among quantities including functions, ways of representing mathematical relationships, and the analysis of change.

Indicators:

10.1 Analyze patterns, relations, and functions of one and two variables.

Met

Not Met

j_n

j_n

10.2 Apply fundamental ideas of linear algebra.

Met

Not Met

j_n

j_n

10.3 Apply the major concepts of abstract algebra to justify algebraic operations and formally

analyze algebraic structures.

Met	Not Met
jñ	jñ

10.4 Use mathematical models to represent and understand quantitative relationships.

Met	Not Met
jñ	jñ

10.5 Use technological tools to explore algebraic ideas and representations of information and in solving problems.

Met	Not Met
jñ	jñ

10.6 Demonstrate knowledge of the historical development of algebra including contributions from diverse cultures.

Met	Not Met
jñ	jñ

Standard 10 comments:

Further detail in the course descriptions now indicate that all indicators in this standard are met.
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Standard 11. Knowledge of Geometries. Candidates use spatial visualization and geometric modeling to explore and analyze geometric shapes, structures, and their properties.

Indicators:

11.1 Demonstrate knowledge of core concepts and principles of Euclidean and non-Euclidean geometry in two- and three-dimensions from both formal and informal perspectives.

Met	Not Met
jñ	jñ

11.2 Exhibit knowledge of the role of axiomatic systems and proof in geometry.

Met	Not Met
jñ	jñ

11.3 Analyze characteristics and relationships of geometric shapes and structures.

11.5 Specify locations and describe spatial relationships using coordinate geometry, vectors and other representational systems.

Met Not Met

jñ jñ

11.6 Apply transformation and use symmetry, similarity, and congruence to analyze mathematical situations.

Met Not Met

jñ jñ

11.7 Use concrete models, drawings, and dynamic geometric software to explore geometric ideas and their applications in real-world contexts.

Met Not Met

jñ jñ

11.8 Demonstrate knowledge of the historical development of Euclidean and non-Euclidean geometries including contributions from diverse cultures.

Met Not Met

jñ jñ

Standard 11 comments:

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Standard 12. Knowledge of Calculus. Candidates demonstrate a conceptual understanding of limit, continuity, differentiation, and integration and a thorough background in techniques and application of calculus.

Indicators:

12.1 Demonstrate a conceptual understanding of and procedural facility with basic calculus concepts.

Met Not Met

jñ jñ

12.2 Apply concepts of function, geometry, and trigonometry in solving problems involving calculus.

Met Not Met

jñ jñ

12.3 Use the concepts of calculus and mathematical modeling to represent and solve problems taken from real-world context.

Met Not Met

jñ jñ

12.4 Use technological tools to explore and represent fundamental concepts of calculus.

Met

Not Met

jⁿ

jⁿ

12.5 Demonstrate knowledge of the historical development of calculus including contributions from diverse cultures.

Met

Not Met

jⁿ

jⁿ

Standard 12 comments:

14.1 Design investigations, collect data, and use a variety of ways to display the data and interpret data representations that may include bivariate data, conditional probability and geometric probability.

Met	Not Met
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

14.2 Use appropriate methods such as random sampling or random assignment of treatments to estimate population characteristics, test conjectured relationships among variables, and analyze data.

Met	Not Met
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

14.3 Use appropriate statistical methods and technological tools to describe shape and analyze spread and center.

Met	Not Met
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Indicators:

15.1 Recognize the common representations and uses of measurement and choose tools and units for measuring.

Met	Not Met
j ⁿ	j ⁿ

15.2 Apply appropriate techniques, tools, and formulas to determine measurements and their application in a variety of contexts.

Met	Not Met
j ⁿ	j ⁿ

15.3 Complete error analysis through determining the reliability of the numbers obtained from measures.

Met	Not Met
j ⁿ	j ⁿ

15.4 Demonstrate knowledge of the historical development of measurement and measurement systems including contributions from diverse cultures.

Met	Not Met
j ⁿ	j ⁿ

Standard 15 comments:

See Standard 13.

Standard 16. Field-Based Experiences. Candidates complete field-based experiences in mathematics classrooms.

Indicators:

16.1 Engage in a sequence of planned opportunities prior to student teaching that includes observing and participating in both middle and secondary mathematics classrooms under the supervision of experienced and highly qualified teachers.

Met	Not Met
j ⁿ	j ⁿ

16.2 Experience full-time student teaching in secondary mathematics that is supervised by a highly qualified teacher and a university or college supervisor with secondary mathematics teaching experience.

Met	Not Met
j ⁿ	j ⁿ

16.3 Demonstrate the ability to increase students' knowledge of mathematics.

Met	Not Met
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Standard 16 comments:

The report's clarifications and further detail for Assessments 3-6 provide much stronger evidence for this standard, particularly since mathematics educators supervise, provide feedback, and show evidence of how they have used these standards to change assignments and strengthen programs.

PART C - EVALUATION OF PROGRAM REPORT EVIDENCE**C.1. Candidates' knowledge of content**

Candidates' evidence from test scores, coursework, and assessments in field experience show their ability to demonstrate mathematical knowledge. The program's course sequence has been changed and strengthened based upon analysis of data.

C.2. Candidates' ability to understand and apply pedagogical and professional content knowledge, skills, and dispositions

Carefully structured, meaningful assessments in the mathematics methods course and in the student teaching experience provide ample evidence that candidates are expected to be knowledgeable of the standards and use them. Feedback is provided from professors and supervisors who are mathematics educators.

C.3. Candidate effects on P-12 student learning

The TeacherWork Sample as well as the student teaching assessment provide indication of specific analysis of student learning. The faculty are collecting and using ure collec.28 153.28 4Td(ed6 37lty ar1Ea9ting and

PART G - DECISIONS

Please select final decision:

- j_n Program is nationally recognized. The program is recognized through the semester and year of the institution's next NCATE accreditation decision in 5-7 years. To retain recognition, another program report must be submitted before that review. The program will be listed as nationally recognized through the semester of the next NCATE accreditation decision on websites and/or other publications of the SPA and NCATE. The institution may designate its program as nationally recognized by NCATE, through the semester of the next NCATE accreditation decision, in its published materials. National recognition is dependent upon NCATE accreditation.

Please click "Next"

This is the end of the report. Please click "Next" to proceed.